















Housing/Property Maintenance Code

11 states have enacted housing and property maintenance codes - <u>California</u>, Florida, <u>Georgia</u>, <u>Louisiana</u>, Michigan, <u>Minnesota</u>, Ohio, <u>Oregon</u>, Tennessee, Virginia, and <u>Washington</u>
California is at the forefront of establishing housing and property maintenance codes
Oregon has a statute to protect the indoor

States are including tort related codes in order to place a stronger burden on owners to maintain their property

air quality of private residences



Health/Sanitation Code

California, Colorado, Michigan, and Texas

- protect individuals from non-structural health hazards
 - trash removal, drinking water quality, indoor air quality, and exposure to chemicals and volatile organic compounds (VOC) indoors.

Chicago city ordinance on trash and waste

 helps reduce the growing rat problem/population

Colorado has a code that regulates odor emissions from various sources in both residential and business settings



Product Safety Law

Arkansas, California, Georgia, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Michigan, and Minnesota

- product standards codes attempting to protect individuals from harm inside of the home.
- Some product standards not only protect individuals inside of the home, but have a specific aim of protecting children (La. R.S. 46:2702; Md. Health Gen. T.22).
- Other items of regulation include plywood and particleboard used in new home construction
- States have a growing concern with manufacturer use of formaldehyde and VOC's in wood and consumer products

Florida's Drywall emits byproducts that corrodes air conditioners



Landlord Tenant Law

based on the Uniform Residential Landlord and Tenant Act (URLTA),

- "encourage landlords and tenants to maintain and improve the quality of housing," and
- clarify the "rights and obligations of landlords and tenants."

California has not adopted URLTA, it has codes in place regulating responsibilities of a sponsor for Residential Housing Development and employee housing/building used for human habitation

Texas, Kansas and Georgia require 'Visitability' for certain homes



Hazard Management Law

California, Colorado, Connecticut, Georgia, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Texas, and Wisconsin

 mold, lead, pesticides, fire, smoke, toxics in the water, among other concerns

California sought to improve indoor air quality at home and adopted a law that addresses hazards in the home

Texas addresses mold more stringently than any state



Disclosure Law

Alaska, California, Delaware, Illinois, Maryland, Montana, New Hampshire, New York, and Tennessee –

 have disclosure laws containing an element of health and safety before the sale of residential real property

Montana requires a radon disclosure statement with an offer for the purchase and sale of inhabitable real property home Connecticut requires disclosure for any paranormal activities



Miscellaneous Laws

Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, and California have codes that set forth general requirements for daycare homes

California recognizes that a significant number of family daycare homes in California are unregulated and that it is the responsibility of the state to "ensure the health and safety of children in family homes that provide daycare a radon disclosure statement with an offer for the purchase and sale of inhabitable real property home

Illinois and Indiana have general requirements for daycare homes, but also specify requirements for animals and pets in those homes











